

# **Rotary Table/ Rack-and-Pinion Type**





are added to size: 1, 2, 3, 7

Series **MSQ** Size: 1, 2, 3, 7, 10, 20, 30, 50, 70, 100, 200

# Compact rotary table with Low Table Height





# Series MSQ Model Selection



# Model Selection Series MSQ

#### **Effective Torque**

										Unit: N⋅m
Sizo	Operating pressure (MPa)									
3120	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0
1	0.017	0.035	0.052	0.070	0.087	0.10	0.12	—	—	—
2	0.035	0.071	0.11	0.14	0.18	0.21	0.25	—	_	-
3	0.058	0.12	0.17	0.23	0.29	0.35	0.41	_	_	-
7	0.11	0.22	0.33	0.45	0.56	0.67	0.78	—	—	—
10	0.18	0.36	0.53	0.71	0.89	1.07	1.25	1.42	1.60	1.78
20	0.37	0.73	1.10	1.47	1.84	2.20	2.57	2.93	3.29	3.66
30	0.55	1.09	1.64	2.18	2.73	3.19	3.82	4.37	4.91	5.45
50	0.9	1.85	2.78	3.71	4.64	5.57	6.50	7.43	8.35	9.28
70	1.36	2.72	4.07	5.43	6.79	8.15	9.50	10.9	12.2	13.6
100	2.03	4.05	6.08	8.11	10.1	12.2	14.2	16.2	18.2	20.3
200	3.96	7.92	11.9	15.8	19.8	23.8	27.7	31.7	35.6	39.6

Note) Effective torque values are representative values and not to be considered as guaranteed values. Use them as a guide.







#### Allowable Load

Do not allow the load and moment applied to the table to exceed the allowable values shown in the table below.

(Operation beyond the allowable values can cause adverse effects on service life, such as play in the table and loss of accuracy.)

			.[	(a) <b>1</b>				
	Allow	able	ŀ	Allowable th	rust load (N	)	Allow	able
Size	radial lo	bad (N)	(a	a)	(t	o)	momen	it (N·m)
	Basic type	High precision type	Basic type	High precision type	Basic type	High precision type	Basic type	High precision type
1	31	31	41	41	41	41	0.56	0.84
2	32	32	45	45	45	45	0.82	1.2
3	33	33	48	48	48	48	1.1	1.6
7	54	54	71	71	71	71	1.5	2.2
10	78	86	74	74	78	107	2.4	2.9
20	147	166	137	137	137	197	4.0	4.8
30	196	233	197	197	363	398	5.3	6.4
50	314	378	296	296	451	517	9.7	12.0
70	333		296		476		12.0	
100	390	—	493	—	708	-	18.0	-
200	543		740		1009		25.0	

#### Load Types

#### Static load: Ts

A load as represented by the clamp which requires pressing force only

During examination if it is decided to consider the mass of the clamp itself in the drawing below, it should be regarded as an inertial load.



#### Resistance load: Tf

A load that is affected by external forces such as friction or gravity

Since the object is to move the load, and speed adjustment is necessary, allow an extra margin of 3 to 5 times in the effective torque. \*Actuator effective torque  $\geq$  (3 to 5) Tf

During examination if it is decided to consider the mass of the lever itself in the drawing below, it should be regarded as an inertial load.



#### ●Inertial load: Ta

A load that must be rotated by the actuator Since the object is to rotate the inertial load, and speed adjustment is necessary, allow an extra margin of 10 times or more in the effective torque.

\*Actuator effective torque  $\ge S \cdot Ta$ (S is 10 times or more)



# Series MSQ

## **ALMOTION**



Even in cases where the torque required for rotation of the load is small, damage to internal parts may result from the inertial force of the load.

Select models giving consideration to the load's inertial moment and rotation time during operation.

#### (The inertial moment and rotation time charts can be used for your convenience in making model selections on page 4.) ①Allowable kinetic energy and rotation time adjustment range

From the table below, set the rotation time within the adjustment range for stable operation. Note that operation exceeding the rotation time adjustment range, may lead to sticking or stopping of operation.

		Allowable kine	tic energy (mJ)	Rotation time adjustment range for stable operation s/90°				
Size	With	With internal	With external s	shock absorber	With	With internal	With external	
	adjustment bolt	shock absorber	For low energy	For high energy	adjustment bolt	shock absorber	shock absorber	
1	1							
2	1.5			0.2 to 0.7	0.2 to 0.7			
3	2	] –	—	_	-		_	
7	6							
10	7	39	161	231			Note)	
20	25	116	574	1060	0.2 to 1.0	0.0 40 0.7		
30	48	116	805	1210		0.2 10 0.7	0.2 10 1.0	
50	81	294	1310	1820				
70	240	1100			0.2 to 1.5			
100	320	1600	_	-	0.2 to 2.0	0.2 to 1.0	_	
200	560	2900			0.2 to 2.5			

Note) Refer to the note regarding the rotation time adjustment range on page 20.

#### **2Inertial moment calculation**

3

Since the formula for inertial moment differ depending on the configuration of the load, refer to the inertial moment calculation formula on this page.



#### Kinetic Energy/Rotation Time

③Model selection Select models by applying the inertial moment and rotation time which have been found to the charts below.
With adjustment bolt
With internal shock absorber



#### With external shock absorber





#### ①<Viewing the charts>

· Inertial moment ····· 0.015 kg·m<sup>2</sup>

• Rotation time ······0.45 s/90°

MSQ<sup>20L</sup> is selected for the above.

②<Example>

Load configuration: A cylinder of radius 0.5 m and mass 0.4 kg Rotation time: 0.7 s/90°

I = 0.4 x 
$$\frac{0.5^2}{2}$$
 = 0.05 kg·m<sup>2</sup>

In the inertial moment and rotation time chart, find the intersection of the lines extended from the points corresponding to 0.05 kg·m<sup>2</sup> on the vertical axis (inertial moment) and 0.7 s/90° on the horizontal axis (rotation time). Since the resulting intersection point lines within the MSQ $\square$ 20L selection range, MSQ $\square$ 20L can be selected.

#### Rotation Accuracy: Displacement Value at 180° (reference value)



# Series MSQ

## Table Displacement (reference values)



**SMC** 

# Rotary Table Air Consumption

Air consumption is the volume of air which is expended by the rotary table's reciprocal operation inside the actuator and in the piping between the actuator and the switching valve, etc. This is necessary for selection of a compressor and for calculation of its running cost.

\*The air consumption (QcR) required for one reciprocation of the rotary table alone is shown in the table below, and can be used to simplify the calculation.

Formulae

$$Q_{CR} = 2V \times \left(\frac{P+0.1}{0.1}\right) \times 10^{-3}$$
$$Q_{CP} = 2 \times a \times \ell \times \frac{P}{0.1} \times 10^{-6}$$
$$Q_{C} = Q_{CR} + Q_{CP}$$

QCR	: =	Air consumption of rotary table	[ℓ (ANR)]
QCP	=	Air consumption of tubing or piping	[ℓ (ANR)]
V	=	Internal volume of rotary table	[cm <sup>3</sup> ]
Ρ	=	Operating pressure	[MPa]
l	=	Length of piping	[mm]
а	=	Internal cross section of piping	[mm²]
Qc	=	Air consumption required for one reciprocation of rotary table	[ℓ (ANR)]

When selecting a compressor, it is necessary to choose one which has sufficient reserve for the total air consumption of all pneumatic actuators downstream. This is affected by factors such as leakage in pipping, consumption by drain valves and pilot valves, etc., and reduction of air volume due to drops in temperature.

Formula

$\Omega = \Omega \times n$	v Number of	- actuatora	v Doconvo	factor
$QC2 = QC \times D$	x inumber of	actuators	x Reserve	Tactor

Qc<sub>2</sub> = Compressor discharge flow rate [ℓ /min(ANR)]

n = Actuator reciprocations per minute

#### Internal cross section of tubing and steel piping

Nominal size	O. D. (mm)	I. D. (mm)	Internal cross section a (mm <sup>2</sup> )
T_ 0425	4	2.5	4.9
T 🗌 0604	6	4	12.6
TU 0805	8	5	19.6
T 0806	8	6	28.3
1/8B	—	6.5	33.2
T 1075	10	7.5	44.2
TU 1208	12	8	50.3
T🗌 1209	12	9	63.6
1/4B	_	9.2	66.5
TS 1612	16	12	113
3/8B	—	12.7	127
T 1613	16	13	133
1/2B	—	16.1	204
3/4B	_	21.6	366
1B	_	27.6	598

#### **Air Consumption**

									Air cons	umption of ro	otary table: Q	CR ℓ (ANR)
Cine	Rotation	Internal	Operating pressure (MPa)									
Size	angle	volume (cm <sup>3</sup> )	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0
1		0.66	0.0026	0.0039	0.0052	0.0065	0.0078	0.0091	0.010	-	-	-
2		1.3	0.0052	0.0077	0.010	0.013	0.015	0.018	0.021	—	—	_
3		2.2	0.0087	0.013	0.017	0.022	0.026	0.030	0.035	—	—	
7		4.2	0.017	0.025	0.033	0.042	0.050	0.058	0.066	—	—	-
10		6.6	0.026	0.040	0.053	0.066	0.079	0.092	0.106	0.119	0.132	0.145
20	190°	13.5	0.054	0.081	0.108	0.135	0.162	0.189	0.216	0.243	0.270	0.297
30		20.1	0.080	0.121	0.161	0.201	0.241	0.281	0.322	0.362	0.402	0.442
50		34.1	0.136	0.205	0.273	0.341	0.409	0.477	0.546	0.614	0.682	0.750
70		50.0	0.200	0.300	0.400	0.500	0.600	0.700	0.800	0.900	1.000	1.100
100		74.7	0.299	0.448	0.598	0.747	0.896	1.046	1.195	1.345	1.494	1.643
200		145.9	0.584	0.875	1.167	1.459	1.751	2.043	2.334	2.626	2.918	3.210

# Rotary Table/Rack-and-Pinion Type Series MSQ



#### Applicable auto switches: Refer to pages 25 through 31 for detailed auto switch specifications.

۵		<b>E</b> 1 <b>(</b> ) <b>(</b>	Jo .	14/2 1		Load voltage		Auto swi	itch type	Lead wire	elength	(m)*		
۲.	Special	Electrical	icat ight	(Output)			-90	Electrical en	try direction	0.5	3	5	Applica	ble load
	Tunction	entry	<u> </u>	(Output)	D	C	AC	Perpendicular	In-line	(Nil)	(L)	(Z)		
ء				3-wire (NPN)				F8N M9N	•	•	0			
witc	—			3-wire (PNP)			F8P         M9P         ●           F8B         M9B         ●	•	•	0	ie circuit			
ates		Grommot	Voc	2-wire	24.14	12.1/		•	•	0	_	Relay,		
d sta	Diagnostic	Giommet	165	3-wire (NPN)	24 V	12 V	_	— M9NW •	•	0		PLC		
Soli	indication			3-wire (PNP)			_	M9PW	٠	•	0			
	(2-colour display)			2-wire				—	M9BW	•	•	0	—	

\* Lead wire length symbols: 0.5 m ······Nil (Example) M9N

3 m ······ L (Example) M9NL 5 m ····· Z (Example) M9NZ

\* Solid state switches marked "O" are produced upon receipt of order.

Made to Order  $\rightarrow$  Contact SMC.

–50 Without indicator light

–61 Flexible lead wire

Pre-wire connector



# Rotary Table Series MSQ



Basic type



High precision type

JIS symbol



#### **Specifications**

Size	1	2	3	7			
Fluid	Air (non-lube)						
Maximum operating pressure	0.7 MPa						
Minimum operating pressure	0.1 MPa						
Ambient and fluid temperature	0 to 60°C (with no freezing)						
Cushion	None Rubber bumper						
Angle adjustment range		0 to	190°				
Maximum rotation	190°						
Cylinder bore size	ø6	ø8	ø10	ø12			
Port size		M3		M5			

#### Allowable Kinetic Energy and Rotation Time Adjustment Range

Size	Allowable kinetic energy (mJ)	Rotation time adjustment range for suitable operation (s/90°)
1	1	
2	1.5	0.2 to 0.7
3	2	
7	6	0.2 to 1.0

#### Weight

Size	1	2	3	7				
Basic type	75	105	150	250				
High precision type	80	115	165	265				
Hign precision type         80         115         165         265								

Note) Excluding the weight of auto switches

#### **Clean Series**

Prevents dispersion of the particles generated inside of the product into the clean room by sucking them out of the vacuum port on the body side.

#### How to Order



#### Specifications and allowable load

Particle generation grade	Grade 1 Note 1)						
Suction flow rate (example)	1 <i>t</i> /min (ANR)						
11-MSQA is identical to the high precision type and 11-MSQB is identical to the basic type							

Note) Please refer to "Pneumatic Clean Series" catalogue for further details.

#### Dimensions

Clean series products do not have a hollow axis.





Size	BK	PA		
1	5.3	М3		
2	7.5	M3		
3	9.5	M3		
7	7	M5		

Dimensions other than above are identical to the basic type and the high precision type.

(g)

# Series MSQ



#### **Rotation Direction and Rotation Angle**

The rotary table turns in the clockwise direction when the A port is pressurized, and in the counter-clockwise direction when the B port is pressurized.
By adjusting the adjustment bolt, the rotation end can be set within the range shown in the drawing for the desired rotation angle.



#### With adjust bolt, internal shock absorber

Size	Adjustment angle per rotation of angle adjustment screw
1	8.2°
2	10.0°
3	10.9°
7	10.2°



Note) • The drawing shows the rotation range of the positioning pin hole.
• The pin hole position in the drawing shows the counter-clockwise rotation end when the adjustment bolts A and B are tightened equally and the rotation is adjusted 180°.

#### **Rotation Range Example**

• Various rotation ranges are possible as shown in the drawings below using adjustment bolts A and B. (The drawings also show the rotation ranges of the positioning pin hole.)



# Rotary Table Series MSQ

#### Construction



MSQA A (High precision type)





#### **Component parts**

No.	No. Description		Material	No	).	Description			Material
1	1 Body		Aluminium alloy	15	5	Piston seal			NBR
2	Cover		Aluminium alloy	16	5	Deep groove ball bearing			Bearing steel
3	Plate		Aluminium alloy	4-		Basic type	Deep gr	oove ball bearing	December at a d
4	Seal		NBR	17	1	High precision type	Specia	al bearing	Bearing steel
5	End cover		Aluminium alloy			Round head Philips screw No.0	Basic	Size: 1 to 3	
6	6 Piston		Stainless steel	18	3	Round head Philips screw	type	Size: 7	Steel wire
7	Pinion		Chrome molybdenum steel			Round head Philips screw	High p	recision type	
8	Hexagon nut		Steel wire	19	)	Round head Philips screw No.0			Steel wire
9	Adjustment bolt		Steel wire	20	)	Hexagon socket head set bolt			Stainless steel
10	Cushion pad	Size: 3, 7	Rubber material	21	1	Parallel pin			Carbon steel
11	11 Table		Aluminium alloy	22	2	Seal washer			NBR
12	12 Bearing retainer		Aluminium alloy	23	3	Hexagon socket head set screw			Stainless steel
13	13 Magnet		Magnetic material	24	1	O-ring		NBR	
14	Wear ring		Resin						

\*23 The hexagon socket head set screws are tightened at different positions depending on the position of the connecting port.

# Series MSQ

#### Dimensions/Size 1, 2, 3, 7



# Rotary Table/Rack-and-Pinion Type Series MSQ Size: 10, 20, 30, 50, 70, 100, 200



#### Applicable auto switches/Refer to pages 25 through 31 for detailed auto switch specifications.

						Load volt	age	Auto owi	itch tuno	Lead wi	re lengt	h (m)*				
Lype	Special	Electrical	licat ight	(Output)		DC AC -		Auto switch type		0.5	3	5	Applica	able load		
	Turiouon	Citty	lnd	(Output)				Perpendicular	In-line	(Nil)	(L)	(Z)				
ч			No	2-wire	24 V	5 V, 12 V	100 V or less	A90V	A90	•	•	-		Relay, PLC		
ed swite	_	Grommet	Yes	3-wire (NPN equiv.)	_	5 V	_	A96V	A96	•	•	_	IC circuit	_		
Re				2-wire	24 V	12 V	100 V	A93V	A93	•	•	—	_	Relay, PLC		
				3-wire (NPN)			5 V 12 V		M9NV	M9N	•	•	0	IC circuit		
Ę	—			3-wire (PNP)						5 0, 12 0		M9PV	M9P	•	•	0
wito				2-wire		12 V V 5 V, 12 V —		2 V	V	M9BV	M9B	•	•	0	-	
tes	Diagnostic	Grommot	Voc	3-wire (NPN)	24 1/		( EV 12 V	5 V 40 V	M9NWV	M9NW	•	•	0		Relay, PLC	
sta	indication	Grommer	165	3-wire (PNP)	24 V		_	v, iz v —	M9PWV	M9PW	•	•	0			
olid	(2-colour display)							M9BWV	M9BW	•	•	0				
Ś	Improved water resistance (2-colour display)			2-wire		12 V		_	M9BA**	_	•	0	_			

\*\* Though it is possible to mount water resistant auto switch, the rotary table itself is not water resistance type.

\* Lead wire length symbols: 0.5 m ······Nil (Example) M9N

3 m ······ L (Example) M9NL

5 m ······Z (Example) M9NZ \* Solid state switches marked "O" are produced upon receipt of order.

Made to Order  $\rightarrow$  Contact SMC.

-50 Without indicator light
-61 Flexible lead wire

· Pre-wire connector



# Series MSQ



High precision type/MSQA

#### JIS symbol



#### **Specifications**

**ALMOTION** 

Size			10	20	30	50	70	100	200	
Fluid				Air (non-lube)						
Maximum	With	adjustment bolt				1 MPa				
pressure	With in	ternal shock absorber				0.6 MPa	Note 1)			
Minimum	Basi	c type				0.1 MPa				
pressure	High	precision type	0.2 MPa	(	0.1 MPa			_		
Ambient and	l fluie	d temperature		0 to 60°C (with no freezing)						
	With	adjustment bolt	Rubber bumper							
Cushion	With in	ternal shock absorber		Shock absorber						
		Shock absorber model	RBA0805 -X692	RBA100	)6-X692	RBA1411 -X692	RBA2015-X821 RBA2725			
Angle adju	stm	ent range	0 to 190° Note 2)							
Maximum	rota	tion				190°				
Cylinder bore size			ø15	ø18	ø21	ø25	ø28	ø32	ø40	
Port cizo	Enc	l ports	М	5			Rc 1/8			
FUILSIZE	Side	e ports				M5				

Note 1) The maximum operating pressure of the actuator is restricted by the maximum allowable thrust of the shock absorber.

Note 2) Be careful if the rotation angle of a type with internal shock absorber is set below the value in the table below, the piston stroke will be smaller than the shock absorber's effective stroke, resulting in decreased energy absorption ability.

Size	10	20	30	50	70	100	200
Minimum rotation angle that will not allow decrease of energy absorption ability	52°	43°	40°	60°	71°	62°	82°



#### Allowable Kinetic Energy and Rotation Time Adjustment Range

	Allowable kin	etic energy (mJ)	Rotation time adjustment ran	ge for stable operation (s/90°)		
Size	With adjustment bolt	With internal shock absorber	With adjustment bolt	With <sup>Note1)</sup> internal shock absorber		
10	7	39				
20	25	116	0.04-4.0	0.045.07		
30	48	116	0.2 to 1.0	0.2 to 0.7		
50	81	294				
70	240	1100	0.2 to 1.5			
100	320	1600	0.2 to 2.0	0.2 to 1.0		
200	560	2900	0.2 to 2.5			

Note 1) Be careful if a type with internal absorber is used below the minimum speed, the energy absorption ability will decrease drastically.

#### Weight

1	~)
. (!	y)

Size			20	30	50	70	100	200
Pooio turo	With adjustment bolt	530	990	1290	2080	2880	4090	7580
basic type	With internal shock absorber	540	990	1290	2100	2890	4100	7650
High precision	With adjustment bolt	560	1090	1410	2240			
type	With internal shock absorber	570	1090	1410	2260		-	

Note) Values above do not include auto switch weights.

**SMC** 



# Rotary Table Series MSQ

range

A Din ter COCK WISS

range

#### **Rotation Direction and Rotation Angle**

- The rotary table turns in the clockwise direction where the A port is pressurized, and in the counter-clockwise direction when the B port is pressurized.
- By adjusting the adjustment bolt, the rotation end can be set within the ranges shown in the drawing for the desired rotation angle. • The rotation angle can also be set on a type with internal absorber. Positioning pin hole

Adjustment bolt A (For counter-clockwise rotation end adjustment)

Adjustment bolt B

rotation end adjustment

(For clockwise

Counter-clockwise



With adjust bolt, internal shock absorber

Size	Adjustment angle per rotation of angle adjustment screw
10	10.2°
20	7.2°
30	6.5°
50	8.2°
70	7.0°
100	6.1°
200	4.9°

Note) • The drawing shows the rotation range of the positioning pin hole. • The pin hole position in the drawing shows the counter-clockwise rotation end when the adjustment bolts A and B are tightened equally and the rotation is adjusted 180°.

Maximum rotation

Œ

Clock

Æ

hent range 95°

#### **Rotation Range Example**

- Various rotation ranges are possible as shown in the drawings below using adjustment bolts A and B. (The drawings also show the rotation ranges of the positioning pin hole.)
- The rotation angle can also be set on a type with inertial absorber.



# Series **MSQ**



#### **Clean Series**

Prevents dispersion of the particles generated inside of the product into the clean room by sucking them out of the vacuum port on the body side.

#### How to Order



#### **Specifications and Allowable Load**

Particle generation grade	Grade 1 Note 1)
Suction flow rate (example)	1 ℓ/min (ANR)
11 MOOA is identical to the birth	

11-MSQA is identical to the high precision type and 11-MSQB is identical to the basic type.

Note) Please refer to "Pneumatic Clean Series" catalogue for further details.



Dimensions

Clean series products do not have a hollow axis.

#### **Basic type**



							(mm)
Size	<b>DA</b> (h9)	<b>DB</b> (h9)	<b>DC</b> (H9)	<b>DD</b> (h9)	HB	нс	HD
10	46	45	20	35	20	5	59
20	61	60	28	40	22	6	65
30	67	65	32	48	22	6	68
50	77	75	35	54	24	7	77

Dimensions other than above are identical to the basic type.

# High precision type 11-MSQA



									(mm)
Size	<b>DA</b> (h8)	<b>DB</b> (h8)	<b>DC</b> (H8)	<b>DD</b> (h8)	HA	HB	HC	HD	HE
10	46	45	20	35	15.5	24	5	63	9.5
20	61	60	28	40	19.5	30	6	73	13.5
30	67	65	32	48	19.5	30	6	76	13.5
50	77	75	35	54	21.5	34	7	87	15.5

Dimensions other than above are identical to the high precision type.

#### Construction



(High precision type)







#### Parts list

No.	Descriptio	n	Material
1	Body		Aluminium alloy
2	Cover		Aluminium alloy
3	Plate		Aluminium alloy
4	Seal		NBR
5	End cover		Aluminium alloy
6	Piston		Stainless steel
7	Pinion		Chrome molybdenum steel
0	Hexagon nut with flange	Size: 10 to 50	Stool wire
•	Hexagon nut	Size: 70 to 200	Steel Wile
9	Adjustment bolt		Chrome molybdenum steel
10	Cushion pad		Rubber material
11	Seal retainer		Aluminium alloy
12	Gasket		NBR
13	Gasket		NBR
14	Table		Aluminium alloy
15	Bearing retainer		Aluminium alloy
16	Magnet		Magnetic material
17	Wear ring		Resin
18	Piston seal		NBR

No.	Descrip	otion	Material
40	Deep groove ball bearing	Size: 10 to 50	Booring stool
19	Needle bearing	Size: 70 to 200	Deaning Steel
~~~	Deep groove ball bearing	Basic type	Booring stool
20	Angular contact ball bearing	High precision type	Deaning Steel
21	Round head philips screw	/ No.0	Steel wire
	Round head philips screw	Size: 10	Stainless steel
22	Low head cap screw	Size: 20 to 50	Chromo molubdonum staal
	Hexagon socket head set bolt	Size: 70 to 200	Chilome molybuenum steel
23	Hexagon socket head set	bolt	Stainless steel
24	Hexagon socket	Size: 10 to 50	Stainless steel
24	head set bolt	Size: 70 to 200	Carbon steel
25	CS type snap ring		Spring steel
26	Parallel pin	Size: 10 to 50	Carbon stool
20	Parallel key	Size: 70 to 200	Carbon Steer
27	Seal washer		NBR
28	Plug		Brass
29	O-ring	Size: 70 to 200 only	NBR
30	Steel balls	Size: 70 to 200 only	Stainless steel
31	Shock absorber		_
-			

#### **Replacement parts**

Description				Kit no.				Note
Description	10	20	30	50	70	100	200	Note
Seal kit	KT-MSQ10	KT-MSQ20	KT-MSQ30	KT-MSQ50	KT-MSQ70	KT-MSQ100	KT-MSQ200	A set of above numbers (4), (12, (13, (17), (18) and (27)

# Series MSQ

#### Dimensions/Size 10, 20, 30, 50



#### With internal shock absorber

(mm)

34.7

34.7

51.7

#### High precision type MSQA A/With adjustment bolt MSQA R/With internal shock absorber





									(mm)
	Size	DH	DI	DJ	DK	DL	FE	HA	UV
	10	45h8	46h8	20H8	5	15H8	10	18.5	52.5
ĺ	20	60h8	61h8	28H8	9	17H8	15.5	26	63
	30	65h8	67h8	32H8	9	22H8	16.5	27	67
	50	75h8	77h8	35H8	10	26H8	17.5	30	76

																											(11111)
Size	AA	Α	AU	AV	AW	AX	AY	BA	BB	BC	BD	BE	CA	СВ	D	DD	DE	DF	DG	FA	FB	FC	FD	Н	J	JA	JB
10	55.4	50	8.6	20	15.5	12	4	9.5	34.5	27.8	60	27	4.5	28.5	45h9	46h9	20H9	6	15H9	8	4	3	4.5	13	6.8	11	6.5
20	70.8	65	10.6	27.5	16	14	5	12	46	30	76	34	6	30.5	60h9	61h9	28H9	9	17H9	10	6	2.5	6.5	17	8.6	14	8.5
30	75.4	70	10.6	29	18.5	14	5	12	50	32	84	37	6.5	33.5	65h9	67h9	32H9	12	22H9	10	4.5	3	6.5	17	8.6	14	8.5
50	85.4	80	14	38	22	19	6	15.5	63	37.5	100	50	10	37.5	75h9	77h9	35H9	14	26H9	12	5	3	7.5	20	10.5	18	10.5
																										(100.00	

																								(11111)
Size	JC	JD	JJ	JU	Р	Q	S	SD	SE	SF	SU	UU	WA	WB	WC	WD	WE	WF	XA	ХВ	XC	YA	YB	YC
10	M8	12	M5	M8 x 1	M5	34	92	9	13	45	17.7	47	15	3H9	3.5	M5	8	32	27	3H9	3.5	19	3H9	3.5
20	M10	15	M6	M10 x 1	M5	37	117	10	12	60	25	54	20.5	4H9	4.5	M6	10	43	36	4H9	4.5	24	4H9	4.5
30	M10	15	M6	M10 x 1	Rc 1/8	40	127	11.5	14	65	25	57	23	4H9	4.5	M6	10	48	39	4H9	4.5	28	4H9	4.5
50	M12	18	M8	M14 x 1.5	Rc 1/8	46	152	14.5	15	75	31.4	66	26.5	5H9	5.5	M8	12	55	45	5H9	5.5	33	5H9	5.5

#### Dimensions/Size 70, 100, 200

#### Basic type/MSQB□A



# With shock absorber MSQB



																										(mm)
Size	AA	AB	Α	AV	AW	AX	AY	BA	BB	BC	BD	BE	СВ	D	DD	DE	DF	DG	FA	FB	FC	FD	Н	J	JA	JB
70	90	92	84	42	25.5	27	8	17	75	44.5	110	57	36	88h9	90h9	46H9	16	22H9	12.5	5	3.5	9	22	10.4	17.5	10.5
100	101	102	95	50	29.5	27	8	17	85	50.5	130	66	42	98h9	100h9	56H9	19	24H9	14.5	6	3.5	12	27	10.4	17.5	10.5
200	119	120	113	60	36.5	36	10	24	103	65.5	150	80	57	116h9	118h9	64H9	24	32H9	16.5	9	5.5	15	32	14.2	20	12.5
																								(	(mm)	
Size	J	С	JD	٦	J	JK	JU	G	≥ S	SD	SF	SU	UU	WA	WB V	NC	WD	N N	E W	F X/	A XB	XC	YA	YB	YC	

Size	JC	JD	JJ	JK	JU	Q	S	SD	SF	SU	UU	WA	WB	WC	WD	WE	WF	XA	ΧВ	XC	YA	YB	YC
70	M12	18	M8	10	M20 x 1.5	53	170	18	79	34.2	75	32.5	5H9	5.5	M8	12.5	67	54	5H9	3.5	39	5H9	3.5
100	M12	18	M8	10	M20 x 1.5	59	189	22	90	34.3	86	37.5	6H9	6.5	M10	14.5	77	59	6H9	4.5	49	6H9	4.5
200	M16	25	M12	13	M27 x 1.5	74	240	29	108	40.2	106	44	8H9	8.5	M12	16.5	90	69	8H9	4.5	54	8H9	6.5

# Rotary Table/Rack-and-Pinion Type Series MSQ With External Shock Absorber Size: 10, 20, 30, 50

How to Order



#### Connecting port position Symmetric type Connecting port Standard type Standard type Connecting port Connecting port

#### Applicable auto switches/Refer to pages 25 through 31 for detailed auto switch specifications.

		-				Load volt	age	Auto ow	itch typo	Lead wir	re lengt	h (m) *		
ype	function	entrv	Indicator light	(Output)		<b>D</b> 0		Auto Swi	iton type	0.5	3	5	Applica	able load
			ngin	(output)		DC	AC	Perpendicular	In-line	(Nil)	(L)	(Z)		
ч			No	2-wire	24 V	5 V, 12 V	100 V or less	A90V	A90	•	•	-		Relay, PLC
ed swit	-	Grommet	Yes	3-wire (NPN equiv.)	_	5 V	_	A96V	A96	•	•	_	IC circuit	_
Re				2-wire	24 V	12 V	100 V	A93V	A93	•		-	-	Relay, PLC
				3-wire (NPN)		EV 10.V		M9NV	M9N	•	•	0		
ء	-			3-wire (PNP)		5 V, 12 V		M9PV	M9P	•		0		
vitc				2-wire		12 V	]	M9BV	M9B	•		0	-	
e si	Diagnostic	Grommet	Yes	3-wire (NPN)	24 V	EV 12V	_	M9NWV	M9NW	•		0		Relay, PLC
staf	indication (2-colour			3-wire (PNP)		5 V, 12 V		M9PWV	M9PW	•	•	0		
olid	display)						]	M9BWV	M9BW	•		0		
ŭ	Improved water resistance (2-colour display)			2-wire		12 V		-	M9BA <sup>**</sup>	_	•	0	_	

\*\* Though it is possible to mount water resistant auto switch, the rotary table itself is not water resistance type.

\* Lead wire length symbols: 0.5 m · · · · · · Nil (Example) M9N

3 m····· L (Example) M9NL 5 m····· Z (Example) M9NZ

\*Solid state switches marked "O" are produced upon receipt of order.

Made to Order  $\rightarrow$  Contact SMC.

–50 Without indicator light

–61 Flexible lead wire

Pre-wire connector



# Rotary Table Series MSQ

#### **Specifications**



Size		10	20	30	50
Fluid			Air (no	n-lube)	
Maximum oper	ating pressure		1 N	1Pa	
Minimum opera	ating pressure		0.2	MPa	
Ambient and flu	uid temperature		0 to 60°C (wit	h no freezing)	
Cushion			Shock a	absorber	
Shock absorber	For low energy	RB0805	RB	006	RB1411
type	For high energy	RB0806	RB	007	RB1412
Rotation			90°,	180°	
Angle adjusting	g range		Each rotati	on end $\pm 3^{\circ}$	
Cylinder bore s	size	ø15	ø18	ø21	ø25
Port size	End ports	N	15	Rc	1/8
1 011 3126	Side ports		N	15	



#### Allowable Kinetic Energy and Rotation Time Adjustment Range

Cine	Allowable kine	etic energy (mJ)	Rotation time adjustment range
Size	Shock absorber for low energy	Shock absorber for high energy	for stable operation (s/90°)
10	161	231	
20	574	1060	O O to 1 O Note)
30	805	1210	0.2 to 1.0
50	1310	1820	

Note) Values above indicate the time between the start of rotation and the deceleration caused by the shock absorber. Although the time required by the rotary table to reach the rotation end after deceleration differs depending on the operating conditions (inertial moment of the load, rotation speed and operating pressure), approximately 0.2 to 2 seconds are required. The range of angles within which the shock absorber operates is between the rotation end and the values shown below.

Size	10	20	30	50
For low energy	7.1°	6.9°	6.2°	9.6°
For high energy	8.6°	8.0°	7.3°	10.5°

#### Weight

\$	Size	10	20	30	50
Basic type	90° specification	630	1200	1520	2480
	180° specification	600	1140	1450	2370
High precision	90° specification	700	1390	1750	2810
type	180° specification	670	1340	1680	2690

Note) Values above do not include auto switch weights.

#### JIS symbol





(g)





#### **Rotation Direction and Rotation Angle**

The rotary table turns in the clockwise direction where the A port is pressurized, and in the counter-clockwise direction when the B port is pressurized.
By adjusting the shock absorber, the rotation end can be set within the ranges shown in the drawing.

#### Standard type





Position of bottom positioning pin hole

Position of bottom positioning pin hole

#### Symmetric type





Position of bottom positioning pin hole

For 90°



Position of bottom positioning pin hole

With external shock absorber

Size	Adjustment angle per rotation of angle adjustment screw
10	1.4°
20	1.2°
30	1.1°
50	1.3°

- Note)  $\cdot$  The drawings show the rotation range for the top positioning pin hole of the table.
  - The pin hole position in the drawing shows the counter-clockwise rotation end when the shock absorbers are tightened equally and the rotation is adjusted to 180° and 90°.



(1)

## Construction



#### **Component parts**

No.	Description	Material
1	End cover	Aluminium alloy
2	Table	Aluminium alloy
3	Arm	Chrome molybdenum steel
4	Shock absorber holder	Aluminium alloy
5	Hexagon socket head set bolt	Stainless steel
6	Hexagon socket head set bolt	Stainless steel
7	Taper plug	Steel wire
8	Hexagon nut	Steel wire
9	Shock absorber	_

#### **Replacement parts**

Description		Kit	no.		Nete
Description	10	20	30	50	Note
Seal kit	P523010-6	P523020-6	P523030-6	P523040-6	Seal washer $\textcircled{0}$ is excluded from the kit contents described on page 16.

# Series MSQ

#### **ALMOTION**

#### Dimensions/With External Shock Absorber Size: 10, 20, 30, 50



																													(mm)
Size	AA	Α	BA	BB	BC	BD	CA	СВ	D	DD	DE	DF	DG	EA	EB	EC	ED	EE	EF	FA	FB	FC	FD	GA	GB	GC	GD	GE	Н
10	55.4	50	9.5	34.5	27.8	60	4.5	28.5	45	46	20H9	6	15H9	52.9	44.3	33.5	14	97.2	80	8	4	3	4.5	20	15.6	11	7.5	45.2	13
20	70.8	65	12	46	30	76	6	30.5	60	61	28H9	9	17H9	61.8	55.3	43	18	117.1	100	10	6	2.5	6.5	25	19.5	14	9.5	56.4	17
30	75.4	70	12	50	32	84	6.5	33.5	65	67	32H9	12	22H9	63.1	60.3	46	19.5	123.4	110	10	4.5	3	6.5	27	21.5	14	9.5	61.5	17
50	85.4	80	15.5	63	37.5	100	10	37.5	75	77	35H9	13	26H9	86.7	71.4	56	22	158.1	130	12	5	3	7.5	32	28	18	11.5	72.9	20

																										(mm)
Size	J	JA	JB	JC	JD	К	NA	NB	NC	ND	Р	Q	S	SD	SE	SF	UU	WA	WB	WC	WD	WE	WF	YA	YB	YC
10	6.8	11	6.5	M8	12	M8 x 1	10	5.5	12.5	4	M5	34	92	9	13	45	47	15	3H9	3.5	M5	8	32	19	3H9	3.5
20	8.6	14	8.5	M10	15	M10 x 1	14	8	16.5	4	M5	37	117	10	12	60	54	20.5	4H9	4.5	M6	10	43	24	4H9	4.5
30	8.6	14	8.5	M10	15	M10 x 1	14	8	16.5	4	Rc 1/8	40	127	11.5	14	65	57	23	4H9	4.5	M6	10	48	28	4H9	4.5
50	10.5	18	10.5	M12	18	M14 x 1.5	19	8.5	19.5	6	Rc 1/8	46	152	14.5	15	75	66	26.5	5H9	5.5	M8	12	55	33	5H9	5.5

#### Proper Auto Switch Mounting Position at Rotation End

• Size: 1 to 7





When D-M9 and M9 are used

When D-F8 is used

		Solid state switch											
Size	Rotation		D-M9⊡W	/		D-M9□		D-F8□					
OIZC		А	Operating angle $\theta$ m	Hysteresis angle	А	Operating angle $\theta$ m	Hysteresis angle	В	Operating angle $\theta$ m	Hysteresis angle			
1	190°	20.9	40°	10°	20.9	55°	10°	16.9	20°	10°			
2	190°	22.8	35°	10°	22.8	45°	10°	18.8	20°	10°			
3	190°	24.4	30°	10°	24.4	40°	10°	20.4	15°	10°			
7	190°	28.7	25°	10°	28.7	40°	10°	24.7	15°	10°			

#### • Size: 10 to 200



			R	eed switch		Solid state switch											
Size	Rotation	D-A9□, D-A9□V					D-M9	D-M9⊡W, □WV, D-M9	BAL	D-M9□							
		А	в	Operating angle $\theta$ m	Hysteresis angle	А	В	Operating angle $\theta$ m	Hysteresis angle	А	В	Operating angle $\theta$ m	Hysteresis angle				
10	190°	17	36	90°	10°	21	40	90°	10°	21	40	60°	10°				
20	190°	23	50	80°	10°	27	54	80°	10°	27	54	50°	10°				
30	190°	27	66	65°	10°	31	60	65°	10°	31	60	50°	10°				
50	190°	33	68	50°	10°	37	72	50°	10°	37	72	40°	10°				
70	190°	37	78	45°	10°	41	82	45°	10°	41	82	40°	10°				
100	190°	44	91	40°	10°	48	95	40°	10°	48	95	30°	10°				
200	190°	57	115	35°	10°	61	19	35°	10°	61	19	20°	10°				

# Series MSQ Auto Switch Specifications

#### Auto Switch Common Specifications

Туре	Reed switch	Solid state switch						
Leakage current	None	3-wire: 100 µA or less, 2-wire: 0.8 mA or less						
Operating time	1.2 ms	1 ms or less						
Impact resistance	300 m/s <sup>2</sup>	1000 m/s <sup>2</sup>						
Insulation resistance	50 M $\Omega$ or more at 500 VDC (	50 M $\Omega$ or more at 500 VDC (Between lead wire and case)						
Withstand voltage	1000 VAC for 1 min. (Between lead wire and case)	1000 VAC for 1 min. (Between lead wire and case)						
Ambient temperature	-10 to	-10 to 60°C						
Enclosure	IEC529 standard IP67, JISC0920 watertight construction							

#### Lead Wire Length



Note 1) Lead wire length Z: Auto switch applicable to 5 m length Solid state switch: All types are produced upon receipt of order (standard procedure).

Note 2) For solid state switches with flexible lead wire specification, add "-61" at the end of the lead wire length.

#### Contact Protection Boxes/CD-P11, CD-P12

<Applicable switches>

D-A9/A9□V

The above auto switches do not have internal contact protection circuits.

- 1. The operating load is an induction load.
- 2. The length of wiring to the load is 5 m or more.
- 3. The load voltage is 100 VAC.

Use a contact protection box in any of the above situations. The life of the contacts may otherwise be reduced. (They may stay ON all the time.)

#### Specifications

Part number	CD-	CD-P12		
Load voltage	100 VAC	200 VAC	24 VDC	
Maximum load current	25 mA	12.5 mA	50 mA	

<sup>\*</sup> Lead wire length — Switch connection side 0.5 m Load connection side 0.5 m



#### Internal circuits



#### Dimensions



#### Connection

To connect a switch to a contact protection box, connect the lead wire from the side of the contact protection box marked SWITCH to the lead wire coming out of the switch. Furthermore, the switch unit should be kept as close as possible to the contact protection box, with a lead wire length of no more than 1 meter between them.





# **ALMOTION** Series **MSQ Auto Switch Connections and Examples**

#### **Basic Wiring**



#### Examples of Connection to PLC (Programmable Logic Controller)

#### Sink input specifications



#### Source input specifications 3-wire, PNP



PLC internal circuit

#### Connect according to the applicable PLC input specifications, as the connection method will vary depending on the PLC input specifications

#### Connection Examples for AND (Series) and OR (Parallel)





#### 2-wire with 2 switch AND connection



When two switches are connected in series, a load may malfunction because the load voltage will decline when in the ON state. The indicator lights will light up if both of the switches are in the ON state.

#### AND connection for NPN output (performed with switches only)



#### Blue

The indicator lights will light up when both switches are turned ON.

#### 2-wire with 2 switch OR connection



<Solid state switch> When two switches are connected in parallel, malfunction may occur because the load voltage will increase when in the OFF state.

Switch 1

Switch 2

#### <Reed switch>

**OR connection for NPN output** 

Brown

Black

Blue

Brown

Black

Blue

Because there is no current leakage, the load voltage will not increase when turned OFF. However, depending on the number of switches in the ON state, the indicator lights may sometimes get dark or not light up, because of dispersion and reduction of the current flowing to the switches.

Load



$$= 24 V - 4 V x 2 pcs$$
$$= 16 V$$
Example: Power supply is 24 VDC  
Voltage drop in switch is 4 V

Load voltage at OFF =  $\begin{array}{c} \text{Leakage} \\ \text{current} \end{array} x 2 \text{ pcs. } x \begin{array}{c} \text{Load} \\ \text{impedance} \end{array}$ = 1 mA x 2 pcs. x 3 kΩ = 6 VExample: Load impedance is 3 k $\Omega$ 

Leakage current from switch is 1 mA SMC

# Reed Switches: Direct Mounting Type D-A90(V), D-A93(V), D-A96(V)





#### 

**Precautions** 

①When securing the switch, be sure to use the fixing screws attached to the auto switch body. The switch may be damaged if screws other than specified ones are used.

#### **Auto Switch Internal Circuits**



Note) ①The operating load is the induction load. ②The wiring length to the load is 5 m or more. ③The load voltage is 100 VAC

Under any of the above conditions, the life time of the contact may be shortened. Please use a contact protection box. (Please refer to page 19 for more information on the contact protection box.)

#### Auto Switch Specifications

For details about certified products conforming to international standards, visit us at <u>www.smcworld.com.</u>

Unit: g

		PLC: Pro	gramable Logic Controller							
D-A90, D-A90	V (without indicate	or light)								
Auto switch part no.		D-A90, D-A90V								
Applicable load		IC circuit, Relay, PLC								
Load voltage	24 $V_{DC}^{AC}$ or less	48 $V_{\text{DC}}^{\text{AC}}$ or less	100 $V_{\scriptscriptstyle DC}^{\scriptscriptstyle AC}$ or less							
Max. load current	50 mA	40 mA	20 mA							
Contact protection circuit		None								
Internal resistance	1 Ω or less	1 $\Omega$ or less (Includes the lead wire length of 3 m)								
D-A93, D-A93V, D-A96, D-A96V (with indicator light)										
Auto switch part no.	D-A93,	D-A93V	D-A96, D-A96V							
Applicable load	Relay	, PLC	IC circuit							
Load voltage	24 VDC	100 VAC	4 to 8 VDC							
Load current range and Max. load current	5 to 40 mA	5 to 20 mA	20 mA							
Contact protection circuit	None									
Internal voltage drop	D-A93 — 2.4 V or less (to 20 mA)/3 V or less (to 40 mA) D-A93V — 2.7 V or less 0.8 V or less									
Indicator light	Red LED lights when ON									

Lead wire

D-A90(V), D-A93(V) — Oil proof heavy duty vinyl cable, ø2.7, 0.18 mm<sup>2</sup> x 2 cores (brown, blue), 0.5 m D-A96(V) — Oil proof heavy duty vinyl cable, ø2.7, 0.15 mm<sup>2</sup> x 3 cores (brown, black, blue), 0.5 m Note 1) Refer to page 25 for reed switch common specifications. Note 2) Refer to page 25 lead wire length.

#### Weight

Model	D-A90	D-A90V	D-A93	D-A93V	D-A96	D-A96V
Lead wire length 0.5 m	6	6	6	6	8	8
Lead wire length 3 m	30	30	30	30	41	41

#### Dimensions

D-A90, D-A93, D-A96



#### D-A90V, D-A93V, D-A96V

**SMC** 



# Solid State Switches/Direct Mounting Type D-M9N, D-M9P, D-M9B ( )

#### Grommet

- 2-wire load current is reduced (2.5 to 40 mA).
- Lead-free
- Use of lead wire compliant with UL standards (style 2844)



#### ▲Caution Operating Precautions

When the cable sheath is stripped, confirm the stripping direction.

The insulator may be split or damaged depending on the direction.



#### Auto Switch Internal Circuit



#### Auto Switch Specifications

For details about certified products conforming to international standards, visit us at <u>www.smcworld.com.</u>

		PLC: Pro	gramable Logic Controller			
D-M9 (with indicator light)						
Switch model	D-M9N	D-M9P	D-M9B			
Wiring type	З-м	vire	2-wire			
Output type	NPN	PNP	—			
Applicable load	IC circuit, F	24 VDC relay, PLC				
Power supply voltage	5, 12, 24 VDC	_				
Current consumption	10 mA	or less	_			
Load voltage	28 VDC or less	—	24 VDC (10 to 28 VDC)			
Load current	40 mA	or less	2.5 to 40 mA			
Internal voltage drop	0.8 V (	4 V or less				
Leakage current	100 μA or les	0.8 mA or less				
Indicator light	R	ed LED lights when ON				

• Lead wire ..... Oil proof heavy duty vinyl cable: 2.7 x 3.2 ellipse

D-M9B 0.15 mm<sup>2</sup> x 2 cores

D-M9N, D-M9P 0.15 mm<sup>2</sup> x 3 cores

Note 1) Refer to page 25 for solid state auto switch common specifications. Note 2) Refer to page 25 for lead wire length.

#### Weight

Unit: g

Auto switch mode	əl	D-M9N	D-M9P	D-M9B	
Lesslands less with	0.5	8	8	7	
Lead wire length	3	41	41	38	
(11)	5	68	68	63	

#### Dimensions



# Solid State Switches: Direct Mounting Type D-M9NV, D-M9PV, D-M9BV

#### Grommet

- 2-wire load current is reduced (2.5 to 40 mA).
- Lead-free
   Use of lead
- Use of lead wire compliant with UL standards (style 2844)
- 1.5 times the flexibility compared with conventional products (comparison with other SMC products)



#### 

When the cable sheath is stripped, confirm the stripping direction.

The insulator may be split or damaged depending on the direction.



#### Auto Switch Internal Circuit



#### Auto Switch Specifications

Refer to www.smcworld.com for details of products compatible with overseas standards.

Unit: g

	PLC: Programable Logic Controller					
D-M9 <sup>()</sup> (with indicator light)						
Switch model	D-M9N	D-M9P	D-M9B			
Wiring type	3-w	vire	2-wire			
Output type	NPN	PNP	—			
Applicable load	IC circuit, F	24 VDC relay, PLC				
Power supply voltage	5, 12, 24 VDC	—				
Current consumption	10 mA	or less	—			
Load voltage	28 VDC or less	_	24 VDC (10 to 28 VDC)			
Load current	40 mA	or less	2.5 to 40 mA			
Internal voltage drop	0.8 V 0	4 V or less				
Leakage current	100 μA or les	0.8 mA or less				
Indicator light	R	ed LED lights when ON				

● Lead wire …… Oil proof heavy duty vinyl cord: 2.7 × 3.2 ellipse

D-M9B  $0.15 \text{ mm}^2 \times 2 \text{ cores}$ 

D-M9N, D-M9P  $0.15 \text{ mm}^2 \times 3 \text{ cores}$ 

Note 1) Refer to page 15 for solid state auto switch common specifications and lead wire length.

#### Weight

Auto switch mode	el	D-M9N(V)	D-M9P(V)	D-M9B(V)
Lood wine longth m	0.5	8	8	7
Lead wire length m	3	41	41	38

#### Dimensions



# 2-color Display Solid State Switches/ Direct Mounting Type D-M9NW(V), D-M9PW(V), D-M9BW(V) (E

# Grommet

# Auto Switch Internal Circuits



#### **Auto Switch Specifications**

For details about certified products conforming to international standards, visit us at <u>www.smcworld.com</u>.

PLC: Programable Logic Controller								
D-M9 W, D-M9 WV (with indicator light)								
Auto switch part no.	D-M9NW	D-M9NWV	D-M9PW	D-M9PWV	D-M9BW	D-M9BWV		
Electrical entry direction	In-line	Perpendicular	In-line	Perpendicular	In-line	Perpendicular		
Wiring type		3-w	/ire		2-'	wire		
Output type	NF	PN	19	١P		_		
Applicable load		IC circuit, Relay, PLC				24 VDC relay, PLC		
Power supply voltage	5, 12, 24 VDC (4.5 to 28 V)				—			
Current consumption		10 mA or less				—		
Load voltage	28 VDC	or less	-	-	24 VDC (10 to 28 VDC)			
Load current	40 mA	or less	80 mA	or less	5 to 40 mA			
Internal voltage drop	1.5 V or less (0.8 V or less at 10 mA load current) 0.8 V or less					or less		
Leakage voltage	100 μA or less at 24 VDC 0.8 mA or less				A or less			
Indicator light	Actuated positionRed LED light up Optimum operating positionGreen LED light up							

 Lead wire — Oil proof heavy duty vinyl cable, ø2.7, 0.15 mm<sup>2</sup> x 3 cores (brown, black, blue), 0.18 mm<sup>2</sup> x 2 cores (brown, blue), 0.5 m

Note 1) Refer to page 25 for solid state switch common specifications. Note 2) Refer to page 25 for lead wire length.

#### Weight

Unit: g

Auto switch model		D-M9NW(V)	D-M9PW(V)	D-M9BW(V)	
	0.5	7	7	7	
Lead wire length	3 34		34	32	
()	5	56	56	52	

#### Dimensions



**SMC** 

# Solid State Switches/Direct Mounting Type D-F8N, D-F8P, D-F8B ( )



#### ▲Caution Precautions

When securing the switch, be sure to use the fixing screws attached to the auto switch body. The switch may be damaged if screws other than specified ones are used.

#### Auto Switch Internal Circuits





#### **Auto Switch Specifications**

For details about certified products conforming to international standards, visit us at <u>www.smcworld.com</u>.

Unit: g

		PLC: Pro	gramable Logic Controller
Auto switch part no.	D-F8N	D-F8P	D-F8B
Electrical entry direction	Perpendicular	Perpendicular	Perpendicular
Wiring type	3-w	ire	2-wire
Output type	NPN	PNP	_
Applicable load	IC circuit, 24 VI	24 VDC relay, PLC	
Power supply voltage	5, 12, 24 VDC	-	
Current consumption	10 mA	or less	-
Load voltage	28 VDC or less	-	24 VDC (10 to 28 V)
Load current	40 mA or less	80 mA or less	2.5 to 40 mA
Internal voltage drop	1.5 V or less (0.8 V or less at 10 mA load current) 0.8 V or less		4 V or less
Leakage current	100 μA or les	0.8 mA or less at 24 VDC	
Indicator light		Red LED light when ON	

•Lead wire — Heavy duty oil resistant vinyl cable, ø2.7, 0.5 m D-F8N, D-F8P 0.15 mm<sup>2</sup> x 3 wire (Brown, Black, Blue)

D-F8B 0.18 mm<sup>2</sup> x 2 wire (Brown, Blue)

Note 1) Refer to page 25 for solid state switch common specifications.

Note 2) Refer to page 25 for lead wire length.

#### Weight

D-F8N D-F8P D-F8B Auto switch model 0.5 7 7 7 Lead wire length 3 32 32 32 (m) 5 52 52 52

#### Dimensions



# Series MSQ Safety Instructions

These safety instructions are intended to prevent a hazardous situation and/or equipment damage. These instructions indicate the level of potential hazard by labels of **"Caution"**, **"Warning"** or **"Danger"**. To ensure safety, be sure to observe ISO 4414 <sup>Note 1)</sup>, JIS B 8370 <sup>Note 2)</sup> and other safety practices.



Note 2) JIS B 8370 : Pneumatic system axion

# 🕂 Warning

1. The compatibility of pneumatic equipment is the responsibility of the person who designs the pneumatic system or decides its specifications.

Since the products specified here are used in various operating conditions, their compatibility with the specific system must be based on specifications or after analysis and/or tests to meet your specific requirements. The expected performance and safety assurance will be the responsibility of the person who has determined the compatibility of the system. This person should continuously review the suitability of all items specified, referring to the latest catalogue information with a view to giving due consideration to any possibility of equipment failure when configuring a system.

2. Only trained personnel should operate pneumatically operated machinery and equipment.

Compressed air can be dangerous if handled incorrectly. Assembly, handling or maintenance of pneumatic systems should be performed by trained and experienced operators.

- 3. Do not service machinery/equipment or attempt to remove components until safety is confirmed.
  - 1. Inspection and maintenance of machinery/equipment should only be performed once measures to prevent falling or runaway of the driven object have been confirmed.
  - 2. When equipment is to be removed, confirm the safety process as mentioned above. Cut the supply pressure for this equipment and exhaust all residual compressed air in the system.
  - 3. Before machinery/equipment is restarted, take measures to prevent shooting-out of cylinder piston rod, etc.

#### 4. Contact SMC if the product is to be used in any of the following conditions:

- 1. Conditions and environments beyond the given specifications, or if product is used outdoors.
- 2. Installation on equipment in conjunction with atomic energy, railway, air navigation, vehicles, medical equipment, food and beverages, recreation equipment, emergency stop circuits, clutch and brake circuits in press applications, or safety equipment.
- 3. An application which has the possibility of having negative effects on people, property, or animals, and therefore requires special safety analysis.



# Series MSQ Rotary Table Precations 1 Be sure to read before handling.

#### Design

# **Warning**

1. If the case involves load fluctuations, lifting or lowering operations or changes in frictional resistance, employ a safety design which allows for these factors.

Increases in operating speed can cause human injury as well as damage to equipment and machinery.

2. Install a protective cover when there is a risk of human injury.

If a driven object and moving parts of a cylinder pose a danger of human injury, design the structure to avoid contact with the human body.

3. Securely tighten all stationary parts and connected parts so that they will not become loose.

Especially when a cylinder operates with high frequency or is installed where there is a lot of vibration, ensure that all parts remain secure.

4. A deceleration circuit or shock absorber, etc., may be required.

When a driven object is operated at high speed or the load is heavy, a cylinder's cushion will not be sufficient to absorb the impact. Install a deceleration circuit to reduce the speed before cushioning, or install an external shock absorber to relieve the impact. In this case, the rigidity of the machinery should also be examined.

5. Consider a possible drop in operating pressure due to a power outage, etc.

When a cylinder is used in a clamping mechanism, there is a danger of work piece dropping if there is a decrease in clamping force due to a drop in circuit pressure caused by a power outage, etc. Therefore, safety equipment should be installed to prevent damage to machinery and/or human injury.

- 6. Consider a possible loss of power source. Measures should be taken to protect against human injury and equipment damage in the event that there is a loss of power to equipment controlled by air pressure, electricity or hydraulics, etc.
- 7. When a speed controller is mounted as an exhaust throttle, employ a safety design which considers residual pressure.

If the air supply side is pressurized when there is no residual pressure on the exhaust side, operation will be abnormally fast and this can cause human injury as well as damage to equipment and machinery.

8. Consider emergency stops.

Design so that human injury and/or damage to machinery and equipment will not be caused by operation of a rotary actuator when machinery is stopped by a safety device under abnormal conditions, a power outage or a manual emergency stop.

- **9.** Consider the action when operation is restarted after an emergency stop or abnormal stop. Design the machinery so that human injury or equipment damage will not occur upon restart of operation. When the rotary actuator has to be reset at the starting position, install safe manual control equipment.
- 10. Do not use the product as a shock absorbing mechanism.

If abnormal pressure or air leakage occurs, there may be a drastic loss of deceleration effectiveness, leading to a danger of human injury as well as damage to equipment and machinery.

Selection

### 

1.Keep the speed setting within the product's allowable energy value.

Operation with the kinetic energy of the load exceeding the allowable value can cause damage to the product, leading to human injury as well as damage to equipment and machinery.

2. Provide a shock absorbing mechanism when kinetic energy applied to the product exceeds the allowable value.

Operation exceeding the allowable kinetic energy can cause damage to the product and lead to human injury and damage to equipment and machinery.

**3. Do not perform stops or holding operations by containing air pressure inside the product.** If intermediate stops are performed by containing air with a directional control valve when the product does not have an external stopping mechanism, the stopping position may not be held due to leakage, etc. This can cause human injury and damage to equipment and machinery.

# **A** Caution

1. Do not operate the product at low speeds which are below the prescribed speed adjustment range.

If operated at low speeds below the speed adjustment range, this may cause sticking and slipping or stopping of operation.

2. Do not apply external torque exceeds the product's rated output.

If external force is applied which exceeds the product's rated output, the product can be damaged.

3. Rotation end holding torque for double piston type.

With a double piston type product, if the internal piston is stopped by contact with the angle adjustment screw or cover, the holding torque at the rotation end is half the effective output.

4. When repeatability of the rotation angle is required, the load should be directly stopped externally.

The initial rotation angle may vary even in products equipped with angle adjustment.

5. Avoid operation with oil hydraulics

Operation with oil hydraulics can cause damage to the product.



Mounting



# **Rotary Table Precations 2**

Be sure to read before handling.

Series MSQ

# **Warning**

1. When angle adjustment is performed while applying pressure, make advance preparations to keep equipment from rotating any more than necessary.

When adjustment is performed with pressure applied, there is a possibility of rotation and dropping during adjustment depending on the mounting position of the equipment, etc. This can cause human injury and damage to equipment and machinery.

2. Do not loosen the angle adjustment screw above the adjustment range.

If the angle adjustment screw is loosened above the adjustment range, it may come out causing human injury and damage to equipment and machinery.

3.Do not allow external magnetism close to the product.

Since the auto switches used are types sensitive to magnetism, external magnetism in close proximity to the product can cause malfunction leading to human injury and damage to equipment and machinery.

4. Do not perform additional machining to the product.

Additional machining of the product can result in insufficient strength and cause damage to the product leading to human injury and damage to equipment and machinery.

5. Do not enlarge the fixed throttle on the piping port by reworking, etc.

If the bore is enlarged, rotation speed and impact force will increase, which can cause damage to the product leading to human injury and damage to equipment and machinery.

6. When using a shaft coupling, use one with a sufficient degree of freedom.

If a shaft coupling is used which does not have a sufficient degree of freedom, twisting will occur due to eccentricity, and this can cause malfunction and product damage leading to human injury and damage to equipment and machinery.

7.Do not apply loads to the rotary table exceeding the values shown on page 2.

If loads exceeding the allowable values are applied to the product, this can cause malfunction and product damage leading to human injury and damage to equipment and machinery.

#### Precautions when using external stoppers

When the kinetic energy generated by the load exceeds the limit value of the actuator, an external shock absorbing mechanism must be provided to absorb the energy. The correct method for mounting external stopper is explained in the figure below.



## **∧** Caution

1. Do not secure the body and strike the rotary table or secure the rotary table and strike the body, etc.

This can bend the rotary table and cause damage to the bearing. When installing a load, etc., on the rotary table, secure the rotary table.

- 2. Do not step directly on the rotary table or the equipment installed on the rotary table. Stepping directly on the rotary table can cause damage to the
- rotary table and bearing, etc. 3. Operate products equipped with the angle adjustment function within the prescribed adjustment range.

Operation outside the adjustment range can cause malfunction and product damage. Refer to product specifications for the adjustment range of each product.

- **4.** When connecting pipes, thoroughly clean the pipes and fittings by blowing with clean air.
- **5.** When screwing together pipes and fittings, etc., be certain that chips from the pipe threads and sealing material do not get inside the piping.

Also, when a pipe tape is used, leave 1.5 to 2 thread ridges exposed at the end of the threads.

#### Air Supply

# A Warning

#### 1. Use clean air.

Do not use compressed air which includes chemicals, synthetic oils containing organic solvents, salt or corrosive gases, etc., as it can cause damage or malfunction.

# **A**Caution

#### 1. Install air filters.

Install air filters at the upstream side of valves. The rated filtration should be 5  $\mu$ m or finer.

2. Install an after cooler, air dryer or water separator (Drain catch), etc.

Air that includes excessive drainage may cause malfunction of rotary actuators and other pneumatic equipment. To prevent this, install an after cooler air dryer or water separator, etc.

3. Use the product within the specified range of fluid and ambient temperature.

Take measures to prevent freezing, since moisture in circuits may be frozen under 5°C, and this can cause damage to seals and lead to malfunction.

Refer to SMC's "Best Pneumatic vol.4" catalogue for further details on compressed air quality.

## Series **MSQ**

**Rotary Table Precations 3** 

Be sure to read before handling.

#### **Operating Environment**

# **Warning**

1. Do not use in environments where there is a danger of corrosion.

Refer to the construction drawings regarding rotary actuator materials.

2. Do not use in dusty locations or where water and oil, etc., splash on the equipment.

#### **Speed Adjustment**

# **Warning**

1. Perform speed adjustment gradually from the low speed side.

Speed adjustment from the high speed side can cause product damage leading to human injury and damage to equipment an machinery.

# **A**Caution

1. When operating at high speed with a large load weight, a large amount of energy is applied to the actuator and can cause damage.

Refer to the model selection on page 1 to find the proper operating time.

2. Do not machine the fixed orifice of the port to enlarge its size. If the fixed orifice size is enlarged, the actuator operating speed and impact force will increase and cause damage.

#### Lubrication

# **Caution**

1. Use the product without lubrication.

This product is lubricated with grease at the factory, and further lubrication will result in a failure to meet the product's specifications.

#### Maintenance

# **Warning**

- 1. Maintenance should be performed according to the procedure indicated in the instruction manual. Improper handling can cause damage and malfunction of equipment and machinery.
- 2. During maintenance, do not disassemble while the electric power and supply air are turned ON.
- **3. Conduct suitable function tests after the product has been disassembled for maintenance.** Failure to test functions can result in inability to satisfy the product specifications.

#### Maintenance

#### **▲** Caution

# 1. For lubrication use the grease specified for each product.

Use of a lubricant other than that specified can cause damage to seals, etc.

#### **Rotation Adjustment**

# \land Caution

 As a standard feature, the rotary table is equipped with a rotation adjustment screw (adjustment bolt or shock absorber) that can be used to adjust the rotation. The table below shows the rotation adjustment per single rotation of the rotation adjustment screw.
 Please refer to following pages for the rotation direction, rotation

angle and rotation angle range. MSQ size1 to 7  $\rightarrow$  page 9 MSQ size10 to 200  $\rightarrow$  page 14 MSQ with external shock absorber  $\rightarrow$  page 21

#### With adjustment bolt, With external shock absorber

Size	Rotation adjustment per single rotation of rotation adjustment screw						
1	8.2°						
2	10.0°						
3	10.9°						
7	10.2°						
10	10.2°						
20	7.2°						
30	6.5°						
50	8.2°						
70	7.0°						
100	6.1°						
200	4.9°						

#### With external shock absorber

Size	Rotation adjustment per single rotation of rotation adjustment screw
10	1.4°
20	1.2°
30	1.1°
50	1.3°

The rotation adjustment range for the external shock absorber is  $\pm 3^{\circ}$  at each rotation end. When adjusted beyond this range, note that the shock absorber's durability may decrease.

2. Series MSQ is equipped with a rubber bumper or shock absorber. Therefore, perform rotation adjustment in the pressurized condition (minimum operation pressure: 0.1 MPa or more for adjustment bolt and internal shock absorber types, and 0.2 MPa or more for external shock absorber type.)

# **Rotary Table Precations 4**

Be sure to read before handling.

#### Shock Absorber

Series MSQ

# **A** Caution

1. Refer to the table below for tightening torques of the shock absorber setting nut.

Size	10	20	30	50	70	100	200
Tightening torque N ⋅ m	1.67	3.	14	10.8	23	3.5	62.8

**2.** Never rotate the bottom screw of the shock absorber. (It is not an adjustment screw.) This may cause oil leakage.

	Ì			Bottom screw cannot be rotated
		1		

**3.** When rotation of the rotary table with internal shock absorber is set at a value smaller than the table below, the piston stroke becomes smaller than the shock absorber's effective stroke and energy absorption capacity decreases.

Size	10	20	30	50	70	100	200
Minimum rotation without energy absorption capacity decrease	52°	43°	40°	60°	71°	62°	82°

- **4.** Products with shock absorber are not designed to smooth stop but to absorb the kinetic energy of the load. If the load has to be stopped smoothly, a shock absorber of the optimum size meeting the operating conditions must be installed external to the equipment.
- 5. Shock absorbers are consumable parts. When a decrease in energy absorption capacity is noticed, it must be replaced.

#### With internal shock absorber

Size	Shock absorber model				
10	RBA0805-X692				
20	BBA1006 X602				
30	KDA 1006-X692				
50	RBA1411-X692				
70					
100	- RBA2015-X821				
200	RBA2725-X821				

#### With external shock absorber

Size	Туре	Shock absorber model			
10	For low energy	RB0805			
10	For high energy	RB0806			
20	For low energy	RB1006			
20	For high energy	RB1007			
20	For low energy	RB1006			
30	For high energy	RB1007			
50	For low energy	RB1411			
	For high energy	RB1412			

#### External Shock Absorber

# A Caution

The threaded orifices shown below are not connecting ports. Never remove the plugs as this will cause malfunction.



#### **Speed Controller and Fittings**

# \land Caution

Size 1, 2, and 3 use M3 x 0.5 piping ports. When connecting a speed controller or fittings directly, use the following series.

Speed controller

AS12□1F/Elbow type

- AS13D1F/Universal type
- One-touch fitting
- One-touch miniature fittings Series KJ
- Miniature fittings Series M3

#### Auto switch

#### A Caution

In case of sizes 1, 2, 3 and 7, when 2 pieces of auto switches are installed in one switch groove, the minimum detectable rotation angles are as follows.

Minimum detectable rotation				
25°				
25°				
20°				
20°				

#### **Maintenance and Inspection**

## **A**Caution

Because sizes 1, 2, 3 and 7 require special tools, they cannot be disassembled.

Because sizes 10, 20, 30 and 50 have the table press fit into an angular type bearing, they cannot be disassembled.





# **Auto Switch Precations 1**

Be sure to read before handling.

#### **Design and Selection**

# **Marning**

#### 1. Confirm the specifications.

Read the specifications carefully and use this product appropriately. The product may be damaged or malfunction if it is used outside the range of specifications for current load, voltage, temperature or impact.

Series MSQ

# 2. Take precautions when multiple cylinders are used close together.

When multiple auto switch cylinders are used in close proximity, magnetic field interference may cause the switches to malfunction. Maintain a minimum cylinder separation of 40 mm. (When the allowable separation is indicated for each cylinder series, use the specified value.)

# 3. Pay attention to the length of time that a switch is ON at an intermediate stroke position.

When an auto switch is placed at an intermediate position of the stroke and a load is driven at the time the piston passes, the auto switch will operate, but if the speed is too great the operating time will be shortened and the load may not operate properly. The maximum detectable piston speed is:

 $V (mm/s) = \frac{Auto switch operating range (mm)}{Load operating time (ms)} \times 1000$ 

#### 4. Keep wiring as short as possible.

#### <Reed switch>

As the length of the wiring to a load gets longer, the rush current at switching ON becomes greater, and this may shorten the product's life. (The switch will stay ON all the time.)

1) For an auto switch without a contact protection circuit, use a contact protection box when the wire length is 5 m or longer.

#### <Solid state switch>

2) Although wire length does not affect switch function, use wiring 100 m or shorter.

# 5. Take precautions for the internal voltage drop of the switch.

#### <Reed switch>

1) Switches with an indicator light (Except D-A96, A96V)

• If auto switches are connected in series as shown below, take note that there will be a large voltage drop because of internal resistance in the light emitting diodes. (Refer to internal voltage drop in the auto switch specifications.)

[The voltage drop will be "n" times larger when "n" auto switches are connected.]

Even though an auto switch operates normally, the load may not operate.

		0	·	0	Load	
--	--	---	---	---	------	--

 In the same way, when operating under a specified voltage, although an auto switch may operate normally, the load may not operate. Therefore, the formula below should be satisfied after confirming the minimum operating voltage of the load.

Supply - Internal voltage - Minimum operating voltage - drop of switch > voltage of load

 If the internal resistance of a light emitting diode causes a problem, select a switch without an indicator light (Model A90, A90V).

#### <Solid state switch>

3) Generally, the internal voltage drop will be greater with a 2-wire solid state auto switch than with a reed switch. Take the same precautions as in 1).

Also, note that a 12 VDC relay is not applicable.

#### 6. Pay attention to leakage current.

#### <Solid state switch>

With a 2-wire solid state auto switch, current (leakage current) flows to the load to operate the internal circuit even when in the OFF state.

Operating current of load (Input OFF current in case of a controller) > Leakage current

If the criteria given by the above formula are not met, it will not reset correctly (stays ON). Use a 3-wire switch if this specification will not be satisfied.

Moreover, leakage current flow to the load will be "n" times larger when "n" auto switches are connected in parallel.

# 7. Do not use a load that generates surge voltage.

#### <Reed switch>

If driving a load such as a relay that generates a surge voltage, use a switch with a built-in contact protection circuit or use a contact protection box.

#### <Solid state switch>

Although a zener diode for surge protection is connected at the output side of a solid state auto switch, damage may still occur if the surge is applied repeatedly. When a load, such as a relay or solenoid valve, which generates surge is directly driven, use a type of switch with a built-in surge absorbing element.

#### 8. Cautions for use in an interlock circuit

When an auto switch is used for an interlock signal requiring high reliability, devise a double interlock system to avoid trouble by providing a mechanical protection function, or by also using another switch (sensor) together with the auto switch. Also perform periodic maintenance and confirm proper operation.

# 9. Ensure sufficient clearance for maintenance activities.

When designing an application, be sure to allow sufficient clearance for maintenance and inspections.



Series MSQ

**Auto Switch Precations 2** 

Be sure to read before handling.

#### Mounting and Adjustment

# **Warning**

#### 1. Do not drop or bump.

Do not drop, bump or apply excessive impacts (300 m/s<sup>2</sup> or more for reed switches and 1000 m/s<sup>2</sup> or more for solid state switches) while handling.

Although the body of the switch may not be damaged, the inside of the switch could be damaged and cause a malfunction.

# 2. Do not carry a cylinder by the auto switch lead wires.

Never carry a cylinder by its lead wires. This may not only cause broken lead wires, but it may cause internal elements of the switch to be damaged by the stress.

# 3. Mount switches using the proper tightening torque.

When a switch is tightened beyond the range of tightening torque, the mounting screws mounting bracket or switch may be damaged. On the other hand, tightening below the range of tightening torque may allow the switch to slip out of position.

# 4. Mount a switch at the center of the operating range.

Adjust the mounting position of an auto switch so that the piston stops at the center of the operating range (the range in which a switch is ON). (The mounting positions shown in the catalog indicate the optimum positions at stroke end.) If mounted at the end of the operating range (around the borderline of ON and OFF), operation may be unstable.

#### Wiring

# **Warning**

# 1. Avoid repeatedly bending or stretching lead wires.

Broken lead wires will result from repeatedly applying bending stress or stretching force to the lead wires.

# 2. Be sure to connect the load before power is applied.

#### <2-wire type>

If the power is turned ON when an auto switch is not connected to a load, the switch will be instantly damaged because of excess current.

#### 3. Confirm proper insulation of wiring.

Be certain that there is no faulty wiring insulation (contact with other circuits, ground fault, improper insulation between terminals, etc.). Damage may occur due to excess current flow into a switch.

# 4. Do not wire with power lines or high voltage lines.

Wire separately from power lines or high voltage lines, avoiding parallel wiring or wiring in the same conduit with these lines. Control circuits containing auto switches may malfunction due to noise from these other lines.

#### Wiring

## 🕂 Warning

#### 5.Do not allow short circuit of loads.

#### <Reed switch>

If the power is turned ON with a load in a short circuit condition, the switch will be instantly damaged because of excess current flow into the switch.

#### <Solid state switch>

Model D-M9(V), M9W(V), D-M9and all models of PNP output type switches do not have built-in short circuit protection circuits. If loads are short circuited, the switches will be instantly damaged, as in the case of reed switches.

Take special care to avoid reverse wiring with the brown [red] power supply line and the black [white] output line on 3-wire type switches.

#### 6.Avoid incorrect wiring.

#### <Reed switch>

A 24 VDC switch with indicator light has polarity. The brown [red] lead wire is (+), and the blue [black] lead wire is (-).

- If connections are reversed, a switch will operate, however, the light emitting diode will not light up.
  - Also note that a current greater than that specified will damage a light emitting diode and it will no longer operate.

#### Applicable models: D-A93, A93V

#### <Solid state switch>

 If connections are reversed on a 2-wire type switch, the switch will not be damaged if protected by a protection circuit, but the switch will be in a normally ON state.

However, note that the switch will be damaged if reversed connections are made while the load is in a short circuited condition.

 If connections are reversed (power supply line + and power supply line -) on a 3-wire type switch, the switch will be protected by a protection circuit. However, if the power supply line (+) is connected to the blue [black] wire and the power supply line (-) is connected to the black [white] wire, the switch will be damaged.

#### \* Lead wire colour changes

Lead wire colours of SMC switches have been changed in order to meet NECA Standard 0402 for production beginning September, 1996 and thereafter. Please refer to the tables provided. Special care should be taken regarding wire polarity during the time that the old colors still coexist with the new colours.

2-wire			3-wire			
	Old	New		Old	New	
Output (+)	Red	Brown	Power supply	Red	Brown	
Output (-)	Black	Blue	GND	Black	Blue	
			Output	White	Black	

#### Solid state with diagnostic output

Solid state with latch type diagnostic output

U U	•		•••	-	
	Old	New		Old	New
Power supply	Red	Brown	Power supply	Red	Brown
GND	Black	Blue	GND	Black	Blue
Output	White	Black	Output	White	Black
Diagnostic output	Yellow	Orange	Latch type diagnostic output	Yellow	Orange

# Series MSQ Auto Switch Precations 3 Be sure to read before handling.

#### **Operating Environment**

# **Warning**

1. Never use in an atmosphere of explosive gases.

The structure of auto switches is not intended to prevent explosion. Never use in an atmosphere with an explosive gas since this may cause a serious explosion.

2. Do not use in an area where a magnetic field is generated.

Auto switches will malfunction or magnets inside cylinders will become demagnetized. (Consult SMC regarding the availability of a magnetic field resistant auto switch.)

3. Do not use in an environment where the auto switch will be continually exposed to water.

Although switches, except for some models, satisfy IEC standard IP67 construction (JIS C 0920: watertight construction), do not use switches in applications where continually exposed to water splash or spray. Poor insulation or swelling of the potting resin inside switches may cause malfunction.

Do not use in an environment with oil or chemicals.

Consult SMC if auto switches will be used in an environment with coolant, cleaning solvent, various oils or chemicals. If auto switches are used under these conditions for even a short time, they may be adversely affected by improper insulation, malfunction due to swelling of the potting resin, or hardening of the lead wires.

#### 5. Do not use in an environment with temperature cycles.

Consult SMC if switches are used where there are temperature cycles other than normal temperature changes, as they may be adversely affected internally.

# 6. Do not use in environment where there is excessive impact shock.

<Reed switch>

When excessive impact (300 m/s<sup>2</sup> or more) is applied to a reed switch during operation, the contact will malfunction and generate or cut off a signal momentarily (1 ms or less). Consult SMC regarding the need to use a solid state switch depending upon the environment.

# 7. Do not use in an area where surges are generated.

#### <Solid state switch>

When there are units (solenoid type lifter, high frequency induction furnace, motor, etc.) which generate a large amount of surge in the area around cylinders with solid state auto switches, this may cause deterioration or damage to internal circuit elements of the switch. Avoid sources of surge generation and crossed lines.

# 8. Avoid accumulation of iron debris or close contact with magnetic substances.

When a large amount of ferrous debris such as machining chips or welding spatter is accumulated, or a magnetic substance (something attracted by a magnet) is brought into close proximity with an auto switch cylinder, it may cause auto switches to malfunction due to a loss of the magnetic force inside the cylinder.

#### Maintenance

# 

#### 1. Perform the following maintenance periodically in order to prevent possible danger due to unexpected auto switch malfunction.

1) Securely tighten switch mounting screws.

- If screws become loose or the mounting position is dislocated, retighten them after readjusting the mounting position.
- Confirm that there is no damage to lead wires. To prevent faulty insulation, replace switches or repair lead wires, etc., if damage is discovered.
- Confirm the lighting of the green light on a 2-colour display type switch.

Confirm that the green LED is on when stopped at the established position. If the red LED is on, the mounting position is not appropriate. Readjust the mounting position until the green LED lights up.

#### Other

# **Warning**

1. Consult SMC concerning water resistance, elasticity of lead wires and usage at welding sites, etc.





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